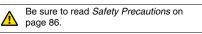
Pre-wired Photomicrosensor with Amplifier and Cable

# EE-SPW321/421

# Compact, Thin-profile Photomicrosensor with special amplifier.

- $\bullet$  Slim amplifier (50  $\times$  7.5  $\times$  12 mm) can be handled like a cable.
- Provided with two operation indicators, enabling monitoring from the housing and sensor head.
- Simple wiring with a 3-conductor cable.
- Wide operating voltage range: 12 to 24 VDC





# **Ordering Information**

Sensing method	Sensing	distance	Output type	Output configuration	Cable length	Cable length from emitter to amplifier	Model
Through-beam type	300	mm	NPN output	Dark-ON	2 m	0.5 m	EE-SPW321
						1 m	EE-SPW321-A
				Light-ON		0.5 m	EE-SPW421
						1 m	EE-SPW421-A

# EE-SPW321/421

# **Ratings and Specifications**

Item	Models	EE-SPW321, EE-SPW421	EE-SPW321-A, EE-SPW421-A	
Sensing distance		300 mm *1		
Sensing object		Opaque: 2 mm dia. min. *2		
Directional angle		10° to 40°		
Light source		GaAs infrared LED (pulse lighting) with a peak wavelength of 940 nm		
Indicator		Light indicator (Red LEDs, one each on Sensor and Amplifier)		
Supply voltage		12 to 24 VDC ±10%, ripple (p-p): 5% max.		
Current consumption		Average: 30 mA max.		
Control output		NPN open collector, Load power supply voltage: 12 to 24 VDC, Load current: 100 mA max., OFF current: 0.5 mA max. Residual voltage: 1 V max (at a 100-mA load current)		
Response time		1 ms max. for both detection and reset		
Ambient illumination		3,000 lx max. (incandescent light); 10,000 lx max. (sunlight) on the receiver		
Ambient temperature range		-20 to +55°C		
Ambient humidity range		5% to 85%		
Vibration resistance		Destruction: 10 to 55 Hz, 1.5-mm double amplitude for 2 h each in X, Y, and Z directions		
Shock resistance		500 m/s <sup>2</sup>		
Degree of protection		IEC IP64		
Connecting method		Pre-wired (standard cable length: 2 m)		
Cable length from emitter (receiver) to amplifier		0.5 m	1 m	
Weight (Packaged)		76 g		
Material	Case	ABS resin		
	ens	Acrylate resin		
Accessories		Slits: $0.5 \times 3$ mm, $1 \times 3$ mm, $3 \times 0.5$ mm, $3 \times 1$ mm (one each) Sems screws with spring washers and flat washers: Six M2.6 $\times$ 12 Instruction Manual		

\*1. Refer to *Receiver Output Vs. Sensing Distance Characteristics* on the next page.
\*2. Detection of objects up to 0.5 mm wide is possible by using slit installation.

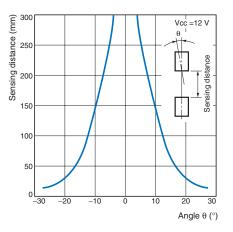
# **Engineering Data (Typical)**

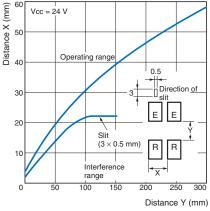
#### Receiver Output vs. Distance Characteristics

EE-SPW321/421

#### 

# Sensing Angle Characteristics EE-SPW321/421





**Mutual Interference** 

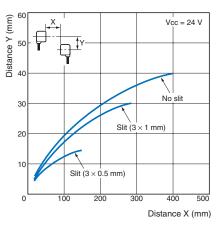
EE-SPW321/421

Sensing Distance vs. Input Voltage EE-SPW321/421

# 800 700 700 700 600 700 400 700 400 700 100

# **Parallel Movement Characteristics**

### EE-SPW321/421



# I/O Circuit Diagrams

NPN Output		
Model		

Model	Output configuration	Timing charts	Output circuit	
EE-SPW421(-A)	Light-ON	Incident Interrupted Light indicator ON (red) OFF Output ON transistor OFF	Light indicator (red) Main Main Harris Load Black Harris Load Harris Load H	
EE-SPW321(-A)	Dark-ON	Incident Interrupted Light indicator ON (red) OFF Output ON transistor OFF		

Infrared light

# Sensing Distance with slit installed

Slit typeSensing distanceSensing objectNone300 mmOpaque: 2 mm dia. min.1 × 3 mm or 3 × 1 mm200 mmOpaque: Greater than the slit0.5 × 3 mm or 3 × 0.5 mm100 mmOpaque: Greater than the slit

# EE-SPW321/421

# **Safety Precautions**

#### Refer to Warranty and Limitations of Liability.

#### 👠 WARNING

This product is not designed or rated for ensuring safety of persons either directly or indirectly. Do not use it for such purposes.

# $\bigcirc$

# Precautions for Correct Use

Make sure that this product is used within the rated ambient environment conditions.

# Wiring

#### Connections

The length of the standard cable is 10 m max. (including the cable attachment, AWG24 min.). When extending the Sensor wires, use a wire greater than AWG 22 in diameter and a cable shorter than 100 m. If the cable length exceeds 10 m, the supply voltage applied at the Sensor terminal will decrease as the impedance of the extended cable increases and the low level output voltage at the cable end will increase. Therefore, take voltage fluctuation into account when extending the Sensor cable.

#### Mounting

Tighten the mounting screws to a torque of 0.54 N·m max.

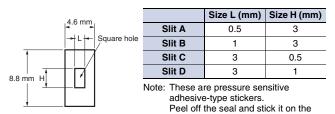
# Adjustment

#### **Aperture Stickers**

Two kinds of reticles are attached, the 0.5-mm and the 1.0-mm width types (total of 4 stickers with slit widths A to D as shown in the following diagram).

Use these when the sensing object is 2 mm or smaller or when mutual interference must be reduced.

For each slit of the same type, attach a sticker to the sensing surface of the emitter and receiver.



lens

# Optical Axis Adjustment

- (1)Set the Sensor so that the center of the lens in the emitter and receiver form one line.
- (2)Having checked that the Sensor is correctly wired, turn ON the power. The operation indicator on the amplifier of the emitter will light. Check to make sure the light goes ON and OFF when an opaque object is moved in and out between the emitter and receiver.
- (3)Move the emitter (or receiver) up and down, left and right and secure the emitter (or receiver) in the center of the range of the operation indicator. Secure the receiver (or emitter) in the same way after adjustment is complete.

(Unit: mm)

